

Longfield Solar Farm

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18. Summary of Significant Environmental Effects

18.1 Introduction

- 18.1.1 This chapter of the Environmental Statement (ES) summarises the conclusions from the assessment of the residual significant effects of the Scheme. Residual effects are defined as those effects that remain following the implementation of mitigation measures. Residual effects and mitigation measures are discussed in full in the relevant technical chapters of this ES (*Chapters 6* to *16* [EN010118.6.1]).
- 18.1.2 Each technical chapter contains detailed consideration of both the beneficial and adverse residual effects identified as likely to arise from the Scheme. The criteria applied to define the significance of residual effects are outlined within *Chapter 5: EIA Methodology* of the ES [EN010118/APP/6.1], with further detail provided within the individual technical chapters. Where technical chapters have deviated from this standard methodology, this is explained in the respective chapters and justification for the reason provided (for example to align with industry-standard guidance for that discipline).
- 18.1.3 The EIA for the Scheme has been undertaken in parallel with the design process. A number of measures have been implemented within the design of the Scheme to reduce adverse environmental effects, including landscape design to create habitat and screen views of the Scheme.
- 18.1.4 The residual effects listed within the technical chapters of this ES (*Chapters* 6 to 16) are described with reference to the scale of effect (i.e. moderate or major) and whether this is significant or not, and the nature of the effect (i.e. adverse, negligible or beneficial).

18.2 Summary of Significant Effects

18.2.1 A summary of the identified significant residual effects for each topic are presented in **Table 18-1** for the construction phase, **Table 18-2** for operation, and **Table 18-3** for decommissioning. Negligible and minor effects (adverse and beneficial) are not included in the following tables and are more numerous.



Table 18-1: Summary of significant residual effects during the construction phase of the Scheme

Description of resource / receptor and Potential effect Initial classification of **Additional Mitigation** Residual effect and effect effect and statement of restatement of significance incorporating environmental design (incorporating mitigation significance and management and monitoring) 6. Climate Change - No significant residual effects on climate change are predicted during construction of the Scheme. 7. Cultural Heritage Impacts on the setting of: DBH14 -Adverse, Significant None proposed Moderate adverse Moderate Ringers Farmhouse Significant 8. Ecology - No significant residual effects on ecology are predicted during construction of the Scheme. 9. Flood Risk, Drainage and Surface Water- No significant residual effects on the water environment or flood risk are predicted during construction of the Scheme 10. Landscape and Visual Amenity Adverse, Significant Changes to the character or Moderate As above Moderate Adverse appearance of the landscape at: LLCA 02 Western Farmland Plateau Significant Adverse, Significant Changes to the character or Moderate As above Moderate Adverse appearance of the landscape at: LLCA Significant 07 Toppinghoehall Woods Adverse, Significant Major As above Change of visual amenity at residents Major Adverse of: Noake's Lane (Viewpoint 8); Buftons Significant House (Viewpoint 15). Recreational user of PRoW 213 18 (Viewpoint 57); PRoW 213 19 (Viewpoint 16); PRoW 113 25 (Viewpoint 9)



Adverse, Significant	it As above	Moderate Adverse Significant
		Significant
n noise and vibration are predicted duri	ring construction of the S	cheme.
Beneficial, Significa	ant N/A	Moderate Beneficial Significant
on transport and access are predicted	ed during construction of t	the Scheme.
ty are predicted during construction of	the Scheme.	
ffects on health are predicted during or	construction of the Schen	ne.
ť	on transport and access are predictery are predicted during construction of	Beneficial, Significant On transport and access are predicted during construction of the scheme. If graph on the scheme of the scheme of the scheme of the scheme of the scheme.



Description of resource / receptor and effect

Potential effect incorporating environmental design and management

Moderate - Year 1

Initial classification of effect and statement of significance

Additional Mitigation

Residual effect and restatement of significance (incorporating mitigation and monitoring)

Moderate Adverse - Year 1 and 15

Table 18-2: Summary of sign	ificant residual ef	fects during operatio	n of the Scheme	
Description of resource / receptor and effect	Potential effect incorporating environmental design and management	Initial classification of effect and statement of significance	Mitigation and monitoring	Residual effect and restatement of significance (incorporating mitigation and monitoring)
6. Climate Change				
Avoidance of fossil fuel combustion and greenhouse gas emissions through the provision of renewable energy	Major	Beneficial, Significant	None	Major beneficial Significant
predicted during construction (Ta additional significant effects are presence of the Scheme within a	able 18-1) also consid considered likely thro n asset's setting.	ler effects from the preser ough operation over and a	nce of the Scheme d bove those already	ion of the Scheme. However, the significant effects uring the operational period. Therefore, no identified during construction relating to the
8. Ecology - No significant residu	al effects on ecology	are predicted during ope	ration of the Scheme) .
9. Flood Risk, Drainage and Surfa	ace <i>Water -</i> No signific	cant residual effects on th	ne water environmen	t are predicted during operation of the Scheme.
10. Landscape and Visual Amenity				

Adverse, Significant

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Changes to the character or

LLCA 02 Western Farmland

appearance of the landscape at

Available mitigation

embedded into the

measures have been



Description of resource / receptor and effect	Potential effect incorporating environmental design and management	Initial classification of effect and statement of significance	Mitigation and monitoring	Residual effect and restatement of significance (incorporating mitigation and monitoring)
Plateau; and LLCA 07 Toppinghoehall Woods			Scheme design, Outline Construction Environmental Management Plan [EN010118/APP/7.1] and Outline Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010118/APP.7.13]. No additional mitigation measures are proposed.	Significant
Impacts on visual amenity in Year 1 at: Residents on the eastern side of Waltham Road; Residents on Noakes Lane (Viewpoint 8); Residents on western side of Terling Hall Road (Viewpoint 10); Residents of Buftons House (Viewpoint 15); Residents of Fuller Street (Viewpoint 46); Residents of Fuller Fairstead Lodge (Viewpoint 47); Recreational user of the Essex Way (Viewpoints 45, 46); Recreational user of PRoW 113_33 (Viewpoint 6); and	Moderate – Year 1	Adverse, Significant	As above	Moderate Adverse – Year 1 Significant



Description of resource / receptor and effect	Potential effect incorporating environmental design and management	Initial classification of effect and statement of significance	Mitigation and monitoring	Residual effect and restatement of significance (incorporating mitigation and monitoring)
Residents of Porridge Pot, Holts Lane (Viewpoint 13);				
Impacts on visual amenity at Recreational user of PRoW 213_19 (Viewpoint 16); Recreational user of PRoW 113_25 (Viewpoint 9); Recreational user of PRoW 213_18 (Viewpoint 57);	Major – Year 1 Major – Year 15	Adverse, Significant	As above	Major Adverse – Year 1 Major Adverse – Year 15 Significant
Recreational user of PRoW 113_11 (Viewpoint 5); Recreational user of PRoW 113_25 (Viewpoint 56);	Moderate – Year 1 Moderate – Year 15	Adverse, Significant	As above	Moderate – Year 1 Moderate – Year 15 Significant
11. Noise and Vibration - No signifi	cant residual noise and v	vibration effects are pred	icted during operation o	of the Scheme
12. Socio-Economic and Land Use	e - No significant residua	l Socio-Economic and La	and Use effects are pre	dicted during operation of the Scheme.
13. Transport and Access - No sign	nificant residual effects o	n transport and access a	are predicted during op	eration of the Scheme.
14. Air Quality - No significant resid	ual effects on air quality	are predicted during ope	eration of the Scheme.	
15. Health Impact Assessment- No	significant residual effe	cts on health are predicte	ed during operation of t	he Scheme.
16. Other Environmental Topics - accidents and disasters, telecommu	•	•	• .	eme for glint and glare, ground conditions, major

Description of resource / receptor



Mitigation Residual effect and restatement of significance

Table 18-3: Summary of significant residual effects during decommissioning of the Scheme

Potential effect

and effect	incorporating environmental design and management	of effect and statement of significance	and monitoring	(incorporating mitigation and monitoring)
6. Climate Change - No significant res	sidual effects on climate	e change are predicted durin	g decommission	ning of the Scheme.
7. Cultural Heritage - No significant re	esidual effects on cultur	al heritage are predicted dur	ng decommissi	oning of the Scheme.
8. Ecology - No significant residual ef	fects on ecology are pre	edicted during decommission	ing of the Sche	me.
9. Flood Risk, Drainage and Surface	• Water - No significant	residual effects on the water	environment ar	re predicted during decommissioning of the Scheme
10. Landscape and Visual Amenity				
Recreational user of PRoW 213_19 (Viewpoint 16);	Moderate	Adverse, Significant	As above	Major Adverse
viewpoint 10),				Significant
mpacts on visual amenity at Recreational user of PRoW 113 25	Major	Adverse, Significant	As above	Major Adverse
Viewpoint 9) and PRoW 213_18 Viewpoint 57)				Significant
11. Noise and Vibration - No significa	nt residual effects on n	oise and vibration are predict	ed during deco	mmissioning of the Scheme.
12. Socioeconomics and Land Use				
ocal economy: Employment	Moderate	Beneficial, Significant	N/A	Moderate Beneficial
generation during the temporary decommissioning phase				Significant
Agricultural Land: The change in agricultural land use within the Order	Major	Beneficial, Significant	N/A	Major Beneficial

Initial classification

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Description of resource / receptor and effect

Potential effect incorporating environmental design and management Initial classification of effect and statement of significance Mitigation and monitoring

Residual effect and restatement of significance (incorporating mitigation and monitoring)

Limits from decommissioning and any direct effects due to this

Significant

- 13. Transport and Access No significant residual effects on transport and access are predicted during decommissioning of the Scheme.
- 14. Air Quality No significant residual effects on air quality are predicted during decommissioning of the Scheme.
- 15. Health Impact Assessment No significant residual effects on health are predicted during decommissioning of the Scheme.
- 16. Other Environmental Topics No significant residual effects are predicted during operation of the Scheme for glint and glare, ground conditions, major accidents and disasters, telecommunications, television reception and utilities, or waste.



18.3 Likely Significant Residual Environmental Effects

18.3.1 The residual effects (i.e., those that remain following implementation of mitigation measures), which are categorised as moderate or major and therefore considered to be 'likely significant environmental effects' are summarised below.

Construction Phase

- 18.3.2 Throughout the construction of the Scheme, there is the potential for several adverse significant residual effects to a number of landscape and visual receptors. Although significant, the majority of these impacts will be temporary, due to the transient nature of the construction works. A number of environmental management and mitigation measures to be implemented by the Applicant during construction have been included within the Outline Construction Environmental Management Plan. This includes commitments and mitigation measures proposed throughout the ES across all topic areas, as set out in *Chapters 6* to *16*.
- 18.3.3 Additionally, there is the potential for a likely significant adverse effect to a single cultural heritage receptor as a result of construction and the presence of the Scheme.
- 18.3.4 In addition to adverse effects, the construction of the Scheme is anticipated to result in a significant, moderate beneficial effect for the local economy in terms of employment and Gross Value Added (GVA) generation.

Operational Scheme

- 18.3.5 The Scheme is likely to have some significant adverse landscape and visual amenity impacts on a number of residential and recreational receptors as well as landscape character during operation. No significant residual effects are anticipated for archaeological assets during the operation phase, however the likely significant effect identified during construction to a cultural heritage receptor will continue to be experienced due to the presence of the Scheme during the operational period. No additional significant effects on built heritage are considered likely through operation over and above those already identified relating to the presence of the Scheme within the asset's setting.
- 18.3.6 The year 15 post-opening phase residual adverse effects reflects the continued, long-term but reversible presence of the solar panels and associated structures. The reduction in the number of significant adverse effects (compared with operational year 1), particularly to visual receptors, is due to the establishment of the proposed green infrastructure reaching maturity. Advanced Mitigation Planting has been introduced to the Scheme in order to reduce the duration for which residents experience significant adverse effects.
- 18.3.7 The operation of the Scheme will have a significant, major beneficial effect on climate (specifically greenhouse gas emissions), due to the nature of the Scheme (renewable energy) displacing the need for other forms of conventional energy generation that would emit greenhouse gas emissions. Total greenhouse gas emissions from the entire lifetime of the Scheme are presented in *Chapter 6: Climate Change* [EN010118/APP/6.1]. Renewable



- energy generation during the first year of operation is estimated to be 356,475 MWh and a total energy generation figure of around 13,076,218 MWh over the 40-year Scheme lifetime.
- 18.3.8 The Scheme will also deliver a beneficial effect for biodiversity within the Order limits over the medium to long term, which would be considered significant.

Decommissioning Phase

- 18.3.9 Similar to the construction phase, the presence of construction plant and machinery during the decommissioning phase will have significant adverse effects on a number of landscape and visual receptors including the local landscape character and two recreational receptors. These impacts are reduced compared to the construction phase on the account of the containment provided by the proposed vegetation planting which would have reached maturity.
- 18.3.10 Also similar to the construction phase, decommissioning would not have any impact on cultural heritage beyond the already-disturbed footprint of the Scheme; therefore, it is not anticipated that decommissioning activities would have a direct physical impact upon archaeological remains.
- 18.3.11 The proposed green infrastructure would positively enhance the area's tree canopy cover, reinforce existing hedgerow networks and linkages between existing woodlands. These enhancements remove any county and district level effects to neutral. Any significant effects would only be seen at a local level, albeit only for a short period of time during the decommissioning.
- 18.3.12 The decommissioning of the Scheme is also expected to result in a significant beneficial effect on local employment, as it will generate a similar level of employment as expected during the construction.